Representative A. Cory Maloy proposes the following substitute bill:

1	FIREARMS FINANCIAL TRANSACTION AMENDMENTS
2	2024 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: A. Cory Maloy
5	Senate Sponsor: Chris H. Wilson
6 7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill addresses consumer transactions related to firearms.
10	Highlighted Provisions:
11	This bill:
12	defines terms;
13	prohibits a financial entity from using a firearms merchant category code to:
14	 distinguish a firearms retailer from other retailers;
15	 limit or decline a lawful payment card transaction;
16	 limit or decline to do business with a customer or merchant; or
17	 charge a merchant a higher transaction fee;
18	 prohibits a financial entity from taking any action against a customer or merchant
19	that is intended to suppress or track lawful commerce involving firearms; and
20	gives enforcement powers to the attorney general.
21	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
22	None
23	Other Special Clauses:
24	None
25	Utah Code Sections Affected:



I	ENACTS:
	13-70-101, Utah Code Annotated 1953
	13-70-201, Utah Code Annotated 1953
	13-70-301, Utah Code Annotated 1953
1	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
	Section 1. Section 13-70-101 is enacted to read:
	CHAPTER 70. FIREARM FINANCIAL TRANSACTIONS
	Part 1. General Provisions
	13-70-101. Definitions.
	(1) "Ammunition" means ammunition or cartridge cases, primers, bullets, or propellant
ľ	bowder designed for use in a firearm.
	(2) "Customer" means an individual who presents a payment card to a merchant for the
1	ourchase of a good or service.
	(3) "Financial entity" means any of the following that is involved in facilitating or
ľ	processing a payment card transaction:
	(a) a payment card network;
	(b) a merchant acquirer; or
	(c) a payment facilitator.
	(4) "Firearm" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-10-501.
	(5) (a) "Firearm accessory or component" means a device specifically adapted to:
	(i) enable the wearing or carrying about one's person or the storage or mounting in or
(on any conveyance of a firearm; or
	(ii) be inserted into or affixed to a firearm to enable, alter, or improve the functioning
(or capabilities of the firearm.
	(b) "Firearm accessory or component" includes a telescopic or laser sight, magazine,
<u>f</u>	lash or sound suppressor, folding or aftermarket stock or grip, speedloader, brace, ammunition
(earrier, or light for target illumination.
	(6) "Firearms code" means the merchant category code 5723, approved in September
2	2022 by the International Organization for Standardization, for firearms retailers.
	(7) "Firearms retailer" means a merchant physically located in the state and engaged in

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57	the lawful business of selling or trading firearms, firearm accessories or components, or
58	ammunition.
59	(8) "Merchant" means a person who accepts a payment card from a customer for the
60	purchase of a good or service.
61	(9) "Payment card" means a card, code, or other means by which a person may debit a
62	deposit account or use a line of credit to purchase a good or service.
63	(10) "Reloading supplies" means any equipment, component, or material designed for
64	the reloading of ammunition, including reloading presses, shell holders, powder measures,
65	priming tools, reloading manuals, casings, and gunpowder.
66	Section 2. Section 13-70-201 is enacted to read:
67	Part 2. Prohibited Conduct
68	13-70-201. Limitations on firearms merchant codes.
69	(1) A financial entity may not:
70	(a) for the processing of a payment card transaction, require a merchant to assign the
71	firearms code in a manner that distinguishes a firearms retailer located in the state from another
72	retailer;
73	(b) decline a lawful payment card transaction based solely on the assignment or
74	nonassignment of the firearms code to the merchant or payment card transaction;
75	(c) limit or decline to do business with a customer, potential customer, or merchant
76	based solely on the assignment or nonassignment of the firearms code to a previous lawful
77	transaction involving the customer, potential customer, or merchant;
78	(d) charge a higher transaction or interchange fee to a merchant for a lawful transaction
79	based solely on the assignment or nonassignment of the firearms code; or
80	(e) take any action based solely on the assignment or nonassignment of the firearms
81	code against a customer or merchant that is intended to suppress or track lawful commerce
82	involving a firearm, firearm accessory or component, ammunition, or reloading supplies.
83	(2) Nothing in this chapter:
84	(a) limits a financial entity's ability to:
85	(i) negotiate with responsible parties; or
86	(ii) comply with state or federal laws or regulations; or
87	(b) impairs a financial entity's activities related to dispute processing, fraud or

88	compliance management, or protecting transaction integrity from concerns related to illegal or
89	suspicious activities, data breaches, or cyber risks.
90	Section 3. Section 13-70-301 is enacted to read:
91	Part 3. Enforcement
92	13-70-301. Enforcement powers of the attorney general.
93	(1) (a) The attorney general has the sole authority to enforce the provisions of this
94	chapter.
95	(b) Nothing in this chapter creates a private right of action.
96	(2) (a) If a person believes that a financial entity violated or is in violation of this
97	chapter, the person may file a complaint with the attorney general.
98	(b) Upon receipt of a complaint, the attorney general shall initiate an investigation.
99	(3) If, based on investigation, the attorney general believes that a financial entity
100	violated or is in violation of this chapter, the attorney general shall send the financial entity
101	written notice that identifies each violation and directs the financial entity to cease each
102	violation within 30 days after the day on which the financial entity receives the notice.
103	(4) (a) The attorney general shall initiate a civil action against a financial entity that
104	fails to cease a violation of this chapter within the 30-day time period described in Subsection
105	<u>(3).</u>
106	(b) In an action under this subsection, the attorney general may seek, and the court may
107	order:
108	(i) injunctive relief;
109	(ii) (A) if the court determines that the financial entity negligently or recklessly
110	violated a provision of this chapter, a civil fine of \$10,000 for each violation or actual
111	damages, whichever is greater; or
112	(B) if the court determines that the financial entity willfully violated a provision of this
113	chapter, a civil fine of \$25,000 for each violation or actual damages, whichever is greater; and
114	(iii) costs and reasonable attorney fees to the attorney general if the court issues an
115	injunction or imposes a civil fine.
116	Section 4. Effective date.
117	This bill takes effect on May 1, 2024.